

## THE TEST

One Step LH Urine Ovulation Test is fast and easy-to-use. It is a qualitative test that can predict when there is a LH (luteinizing hormone) surge, and in turn, when you are likely to ovulate.

## WHEN TO BEGIN TESTING

First, you must determine the length of your menstrual cycle. This is the number of days from the first day of your menstrual bleeding to the day before your next bleeding begins again. Please refer to the table to determine when you should start testing. If your cycle is shorter than 21 days or longer than 38 days, consult your doctor. If you do not know your cycle length, you may begin the test after your menstrual bleeding finished until the LH surge is detected. Perform 1 test each day over a 5 day period or until the LH surge has been detected.

| Your Menstrual Cycle Length | Start to test on |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| 21 days                     | Day 6            |
| 22 days                     | Day 6            |
| 23 days                     | Day 7            |
| 24 days                     | Day 7            |
| 25 days                     | Day 8            |
| 26 days                     | Day 9            |
| 27 days                     | Day 10           |
| 28 days                     | Day 11           |
| 29 days                     | Day 12           |
| 30 days                     | Day 13           |
| 31 days                     | Day 14           |
| 32 days                     | Day 15           |
| 33 days                     | Day 16           |
| 34 days                     | Day 17           |
| 35 days                     | Day 18           |
| 36 days                     | Day 19           |
| 37 days                     | Day 20           |
| 38 days                     | Day 21           |

### **URINE COLLECTION**

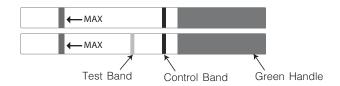
- Do not use first morning urine samples as LH is synthesized in your body early in the morning. It will not show up in your urine until later in the day.
- 2) The best time to collect your urine is between 10am. 8pm.
- 3) Collect urine at about the same time each day.
- 4) Reduce liquid intake about 2 hours before collecting your urine as a diluted urine sample can prevent the test from detecting LH surge.

## TEST PROCEDURE

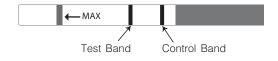
- After urine collection, remove the LH test device from the sealed pouch. Hold the green side handle. Do not touch any other parts except the green handle.
- 2) Immerse the strip into the urine with the arrow end pointing towards the urine. Do not immerse past the MAX (maximum) line. Take the strip out after 5 seconds and lay the strip flat on a clean, dry, non-absorbent surface.
- 3) Wait for colored bands to appear. Depending on the concentration of LH in the test specimen, positive results may be observed in as short as 40 seconds. Normally, read the results at 5 minutes. However, to confirm negative results, the complete reaction time (10 minutes) is required.

# INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

**No LH Surge:** Only one color band appears on the control band or the test band is lighter than the control band. There is no LH surge.



**LH Surge:** If two color bands are visible and the test band is <u>almost equal to</u> or <u>equal to</u> or <u>darker than</u> the control band, one will probably ovulate in the next 24-48 hours. If one wants to be pregnant, the best time to have intercourse is after 24 but before 48 hours.



**Invalid:** No visible band at all. Repeat test with a new test kit.

#### STORAGE AND STABILITY

The test kit can be stored at room temperature (4°C to 30°C) in the sealed pouch to the date of expiration. The test kit should be kept away from direct sunlight, moisture and heat.

CAUTION: DO NOT USE THE RESULT FOR BIRTH CONTROL.